

ACIS CLO 2015-6 Rating Report

Tranche Name	EJR Rating*
A1	AA (sf)
A2	AA (sf)
B1	AA (sf)
B2	AA (sf)
C	A (sf)
D	BB- (sf)
Е	B- (sf)



Rating Summary

Tranche Name	EJR Rating* Non-NRSRO Rating	Other NRSROs EJR Equivalent Rating	Current Interest OC (%)	Current Principal OC (%)	Subordination (%)	Interest Rate
A1	AA (sf)	=	208.59	139.22	60.83	$LIBOR_3MO + 1.59$
A2	AA (sf)	=	208.59	139.22	60.83	3.367
B1	AA (sf)	=	208.59	139.22	37.43	$LIBOR_3MO + 2.48$
B2	AA (sf)	=	208.59	139.22	37.43	4.425
C	A (sf)	-	174.54	122.95	29.15	LIBOR_3MO $+ 3.37$
D	BB- (sf)	-	152.79	112.51	22.57	LIBOR_3MO $+ 3.77$
Е	B- (sf)	-	129.53	103.38	15.74	LIBOR_3MO $+ 5.49$

^{*}EJR's rating assumes that all collateral assets receive an one notch downgrade.

Transaction Summary

We are providing the rating of ACIS CLO 2015-6 as a Non-NRSRO rating. The transaction closed on April 16, 2015. It had a reinvestment period, which ended on May 01, 2019. It has a maturity date of May 01, 2027. The investments were callable as of November 01, 2016. The Dealer and Trustee were Jefferies and U.S. Bank, respectively. The issued notes are collateralized by 99.25% senior secured loans, cash, and eligible investments with the balance of the portfolio consisting of 0.75% second lien loans and senior unsecured loans. Acis Capital Management serves as the collateral manager.

Quantitative Analysis Key Credit Metrics

Metrics	Number
SENIOR TRANCHE SUBORDINATION (%)	60.83
DIVERSITY SCORE	34.00
EJR WEIGHTED AVERAGE RATING SCORE	4633.95
WEIGHTED AVERAGE LIFE (Years)	3.30
CCC+ OR LESS (%)	27.2

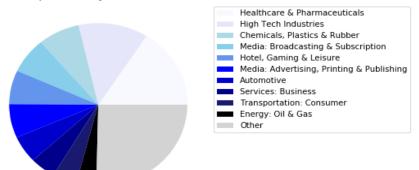
As of June 10, 2020, the total balance of the underlying assets was approximately \$347.31M. The diversity score of the portfolio was 34. EJR's weighted average rating score and weighted average life (years) of the collateral were 4634 and 3.3, respectively. 27.2% of the portfolio's assets were rated CCC+ or less by other NRSROs. Senior tranche subordination was 60.83%.

Portfolio Characteristics

Industry Concentration

Industry Name (Top 5)	Current Balance (M)	Weight (%)	Gross Coupon (%)	Gross Margin	Rem Term	Market Price (\$)
Healthcare & Pharmaceuticals	55.29	15.92	4.15	3.25	38.00	92.50
High Tech Industries	43.93	12.65	4.04	3.12	37.07	94.49
Chemicals, Plastics & Rubber	26.32	7.58	3.61	2.47	45.18	95.32
Media: Broadcasting & Subscription	24.49	7.05	3.11	2.52	48.31	91.71
Hotel, Gaming & Leisure	23.30	6.71	3.84	2.96	35.30	85.01

Top 10 Industry Contribution

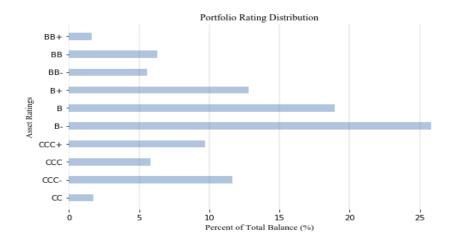


The top 5 industries constituted 49.9% of the underlying portfolio with a total current balance of \$173.3M. The top 5 industries are Healthcare & Pharmaceuticals, High Tech Industries, Chemicals, Plastics & Rubber, Media: Broadcasting & Subscription, and Hotel, Gaming & Leisure. The top 10 industries constituted 74.7% of underlying portfolio.



Rating of Underlying Assets

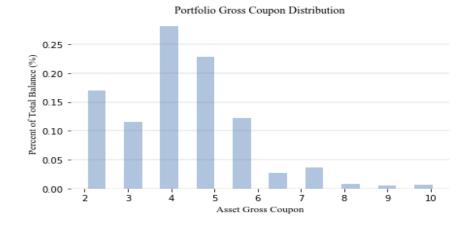
Other NRSROs EJR Equivalent Rating (Bottom 5)	Current Balance (M)	Weight (%)	Gross Coupon (%)	Gross Margin	Rem Term	Market Price (\$)
B-	89.70	25.83	4.84	3.71	40.53	89.68
CCC+	33.70	9.70	5.73	4.57	42.63	86.33
CCC	20.20	5.82	5.33	4.17	45.50	75.15
CCC-	40.56	11.68	4.92	3.98	27.63	70.77
CC	5.98	1.72	6.37	5.21	51.29	42.88



The current ratings of the underlying assets range from BB+ to CC. An amount equal to 27.2% of the underlying assets have ratings equal to or below CCC+, with a total balance of \$94.5M. (Note: The current current ratings are other NRSROs ratings as of June 10, 2020.)

Gross Coupon of Underlying Assets

Coupon Range (Top 5)	Current Balance (M)	Weight (%)	Gross Coupon (%)	Gross Margin	Rem Term	Market Price (\$)
$> 4.0\%$ but $\le 5.0\%$	121.74	35.05	4.75	3.69	33.40	81.35
$> 3.0\%$ but $\le 4.0\%$	85.09	24.50	3.67	2.74	41.95	89.79
$> 2.0\%$ but $\le 3.0\%$	67.69	19.49	2.44	2.07	37.90	93.20
$> 5.0\%$ but $\le 6.0\%$	42.62	12.27	5.59	4.24	40.07	82.23
$> 6.0\%$ but $\le 7.0\%$	12.51	3.60	6.66	5.45	30.69	81.72

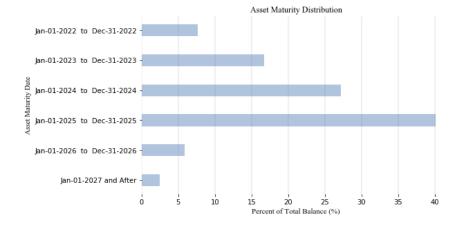


Gross coupon of the underlying assets ranges from 1.9% to 10.2%. The weighted average gross coupon of the portfolio is approximately 4.3%.



Maturity of Underlying Assets

Maturity Time Range (Top 5)	Current Balance (M)	Weight (%)	Gross Coupon (%)	Gross Margin	Rem Term	Market Price (\$)
Jan-01-2025 to Dec-31-2025	139.26	40.10	4.63	3.57	49.42	85.85
Jan-01-2024 to Dec-31-2024	94.35	27.17	4.12	3.20	38.72	89.41
Jan-01-2023 to Dec-31-2023	58.14	16.74	4.76	3.76	26.29	80.77
Jan-01-2022 to Dec-31-2022	26.59	7.66	4.42	3.44	17.20	84.71
Jan-01-2026 to Dec-31-2026	20.47	5.89	5.28	4.48	61.69	79.33



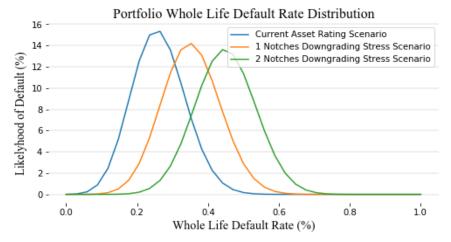
The underlying assets have maturity dates from April 09, 2021 to May 01, 2026. 36.8% of the underlying assets will mature within 3 years, while another 4.9% of the underlying assets have maturities beyond 5 years.

Seniority of Underlying Assets

 Assets Priority	Current Balance (M)	Weight (%)	Gross Coupon (%)	Gross Margin	Rem Term	Market Price (\$)
 Second Lien	2.60	0.75	9.49	8.08	65.00	76.69
Senior Secured	344.71	99.25	4.54	3.56	36.91	84.57

There are 366 assets in the underlying collateral pool, 99.25% are senior secured loans, and 0.75% with lower seniority.

Stress Analysis



In EJR's view, the credit quality for syndicated loans has been under pressure recently. Unfortunately, ratings on some loans may be cut multiple notches with little notice. In EJR's base case, we took an one notch cut to the underlying assets to reflect the credit quality of each tranche created by market pressure. In EJR's stress case, we assumed a two notch cut to the underlying assets. According to EJR's Default Probability Table, the base case and stress case weighted average whole life default rate of probability can increase to 35.26% and 44.91%, respectively, from its current level of 26.14%.

Estimated Loss Information

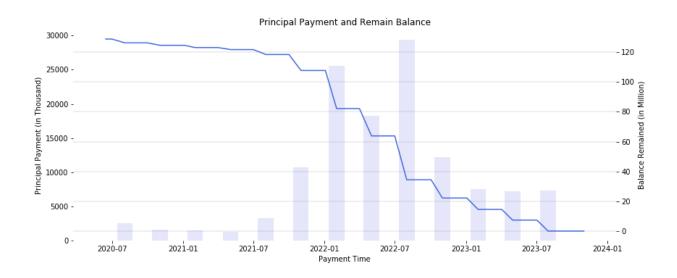
Estimated loss is one of the key considerations in EJR's structured finance ratings. In times of stress when economic conditions are deteriorating, default rates and loss severity are more likely to increase relative to a portfolio's initial or base case default and loss severity levels. That is a tranche with higher rating should be able to withstand greater stress and sustain lower losses than a tranche with a lower rating. For example, a tranche with AAA rating should be able to survive the great depression scenario (the highest default and loss severity levels experienced if they were to occur in the future). A 'AA' rated tranche would be more susceptible to an adverse economic impact than the 'AAA' rated tranche, but nonetheless should be able to withstand such effects better than a tranche with a lower rating. EJR creates different stress levels based on different target tranche ratings (from AAA to B+). The detailed estimated loss (%) information of each tranche under each stress level is detailed in the below table:

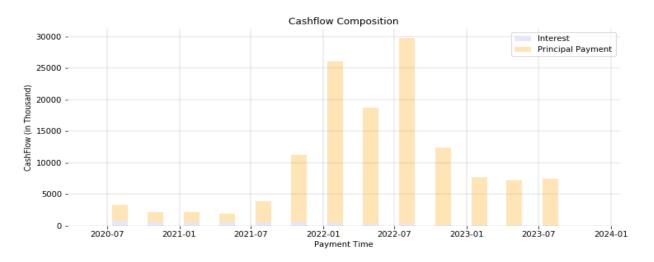
Stress Level	A1	A2	B1	B2	C	D	E
Estimated Loss							
Under AAA (sf)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	11.42	54.12	88.71
Stress							
Estimated Loss							
Under AA+ (sf)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.81	49.68	85.24
Stress							
Estimated Loss							
Under AA (sf)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.64	48.9	84.75
Stress							
Estimated Loss							
Under AA- (sf)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	48.06	84.24
Stress							
Estimated Loss							
Under A+ (sf)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	35.03	77.54
Stress	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	55.05	, , , , ,
Estimated Loss							
Under A (sf) Stress	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	33.65	76.9
Estimated Loss							
Under A- (sf)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	32.21	76.25
Stress	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	32.21	70.23
Estimated Loss							
Under BBB+ (sf)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	14.17	66.98
Stress	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	14.17	00.76
Estimated Loss							
Under BBB (sf)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	12.61	66.22
Stress	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	12.01	00.22
Estimated Loss							
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	11.06	65.43
Under BBB- (sf)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	11.00	03.43
Stress							
Estimated Loss	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	46.47
Under BB+ (sf)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	46.47
Stress							
Estimated Loss	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	24.6
Under BB (sf)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	34.6
Stress							
Estimated Loss	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	20.51
Under BB- (sf)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	20.51
Stress							
Estimated Loss							
Under B+ (sf) or	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.87
Lower Rating							
Stress							



Tranche A1

Tranche Information 1	Content 1	Tranche Information 2	Content 2
ORIGINAL BALANCE (\$ Million)	300	IC TEST TRIGGER	120.00
CURRENT BALANCE (\$ Million)	128.789	CURRENT IC	208.59
TRANCHE SPECIFIC STRESSED CDR	62.77	OC TEST TRIGGER	119.40
EJR MODEL IMPLIED RATING	AA (sf)	CURRENT OC	139.22



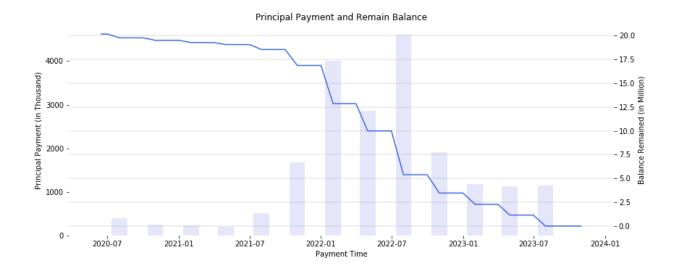


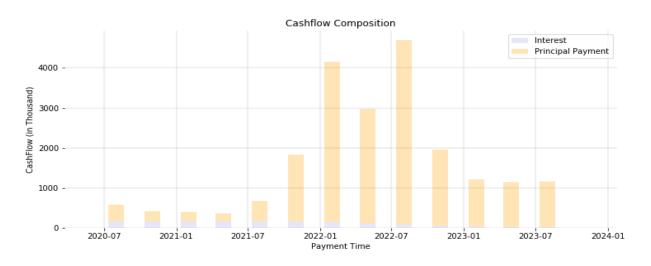
According to the weighted average cashflow output (under EJR's AA stress level of the whole life default rate, and assuming 50% loss will happen evenly in the first year, remaining 50% will happen evenly in the next 5 years), the payment window for this tranche ranges from June 15, 2020 to November 01, 2023. The current balance of the tranche is \$128.79M, by the end of the payment period (November 01, 2023), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will total approximately \$5.2M.



Tranche A2

Tranche Information 1	Content 1	Tranche Information 2	Content 2
ORIGINAL BALANCE (\$ Million)	47	IC TEST TRIGGER	120.00
CURRENT BALANCE (\$ Million)	20.177	CURRENT IC	208.59
TRANCHE SPECIFIC STRESSED CDR	62.77	OC TEST TRIGGER	119.40
EJR MODEL IMPLIED RATING	AA (sf)	CURRENT OC	139.22



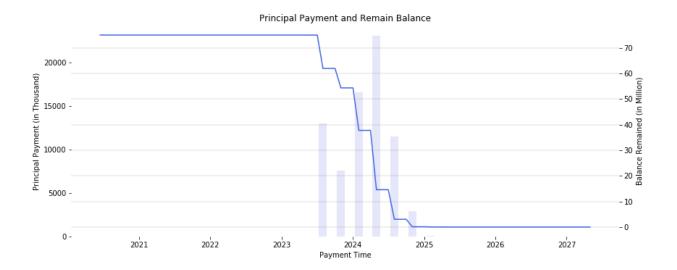


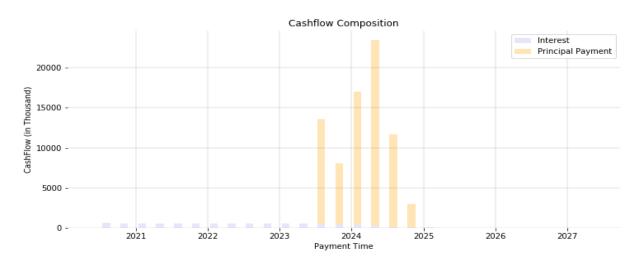
According to the weighted average cashflow output (under EJR's AA stress level of the whole life default rate, and assuming 50% loss will happen evenly in the first year, remaining 50% will happen evenly in the next 5 years), the payment window for this tranche ranges from June 15, 2020 to November 01, 2023. The current balance of the tranche is \$20.18M, by the end of the payment period (November 01, 2023), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will total approximately \$1.42M.



Tranche B1

Tranche Information 1	Content 1	Tranche Information 2	Content 2
ORIGINAL BALANCE (\$ Million)	75	IC TEST TRIGGER	120.00
CURRENT BALANCE (\$ Million)	75	CURRENT IC	208.59
TRANCHE SPECIFIC STRESSED CDR	62.77	OC TEST TRIGGER	119.40
EJR MODEL IMPLIED RATING	AA (sf)	CURRENT OC	139.22



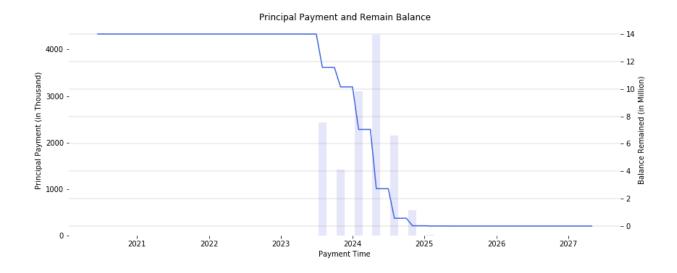


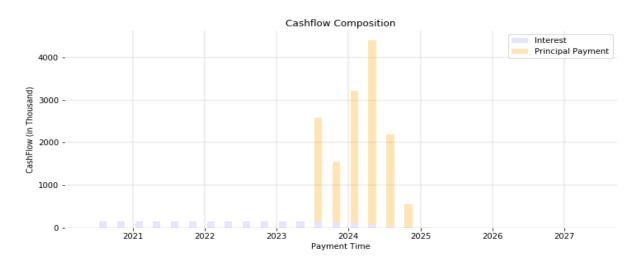
According to the weighted average cashflow output (under EJR's AA stress level of the whole life default rate, and assuming 50% loss will happen evenly in the first year, remaining 50% will happen evenly in the next 5 years), the payment window for this tranche ranges from June 15, 2020 to May 01, 2027. The current balance of the tranche is \$75.0M, by the end of the payment period (May 01, 2027), \$74.99M will be paid off. The remaining principal outstanding should be \$0.01M (which represents 0.01% of the tranche balance). Total interest payments of the tranche will total approximately \$8.17M.



Tranche B2

Tranche Information 1	Content 1	Tranche Information 2	Content 2
ORIGINAL BALANCE (\$ Million)	14	IC TEST TRIGGER	120.00
CURRENT BALANCE (\$ Million)	14	CURRENT IC	208.59
TRANCHE SPECIFIC STRESSED CDR	62.77	OC TEST TRIGGER	119.40
EJR MODEL IMPLIED RATING	AA (sf)	CURRENT OC	139.22



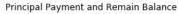


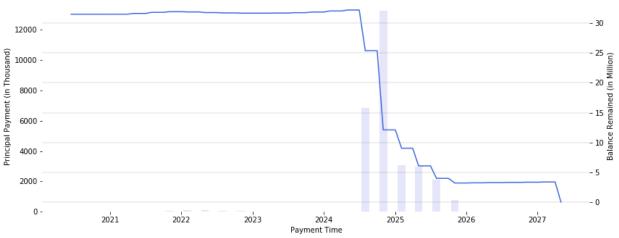
According to the weighted average cashflow output (under EJR's AA stress level of the whole life default rate, and assuming 50% loss will happen evenly in the first year, remaining 50% will happen evenly in the next 5 years), the payment window for this tranche ranges from June 15, 2020 to May 01, 2027. The current balance of the tranche is \$14.0M, by the end of the payment period (May 01, 2027), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will total approximately \$2.37M.

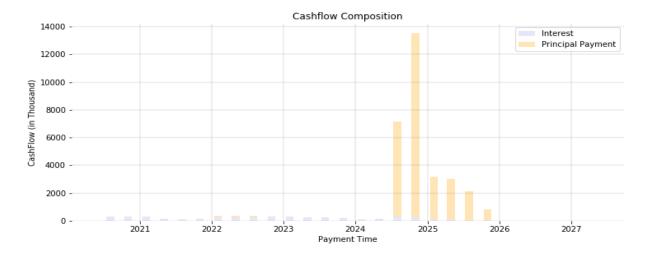


Tranche C

Tranche Information 1	Content 1	Tranche Information 2	Content 2
ORIGINAL BALANCE (\$ Million)	31.5	IC TEST TRIGGER	115.00
CURRENT BALANCE (\$ Million)	31.5	CURRENT IC	174.54
TRANCHE SPECIFIC STRESSED CDR	60.3	OC TEST TRIGGER	112.60
EJR MODEL IMPLIED RATING	A (sf)	CURRENT OC	122.95







According to the weighted average cashflow output (under EJR's A stress level of the whole life default rate, and assuming 50% loss will happen evenly in the first year, remaining 50% will happen evenly in the next 5 years), the payment window for this tranche ranges from June 15, 2020 to May 01, 2027. The current balance of the tranche is \$31.5M, by the end of the payment period (May 01, 2027), \$29.38M will be paid off. The remaining principal outstanding should be \$3.38M (which represents 10.73% of the tranche balance). Total interest payments of the tranche will total approximately \$4.6M.



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2021

2022

2023

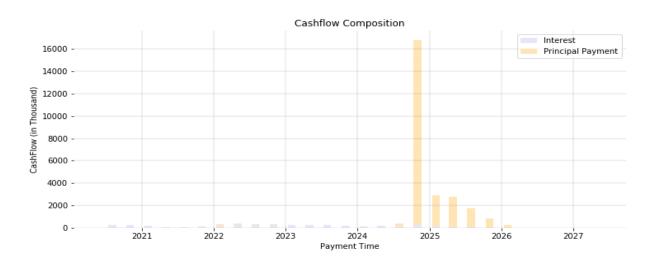
Tranche D

Tranche Information 1	Content 1	Tranche Information 2	Content 2
ORIGINAL BALANCE (\$ Million)	25	IC TEST TRIGGER	110.00
CURRENT BALANCE (\$ Million)	25	CURRENT IC	152.79
TRANCHE SPECIFIC STRESSED CDR	42.32	OC TEST TRIGGER	108.50
EJR MODEL IMPLIED RATING	BB- (sf)	CURRENT OC	112.51



2024

Payment Time



According to the weighted average cashflow output (under EJR's BB- stress level of the whole life default rate, and assuming 50% loss will happen evenly in the first year, remaining 50% will happen evenly in the next 5 years), the payment window for this tranche ranges from June 15, 2020 to May 01, 2027. The current balance of the tranche is \$25.0M, by the end of the payment period (May 01, 2027), \$25.5M will be paid off. The remaining principal outstanding should be \$0.64M (which represents 2.56% of the tranche balance). Total interest payments of the tranche will total approximately \$3.9M.

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2027

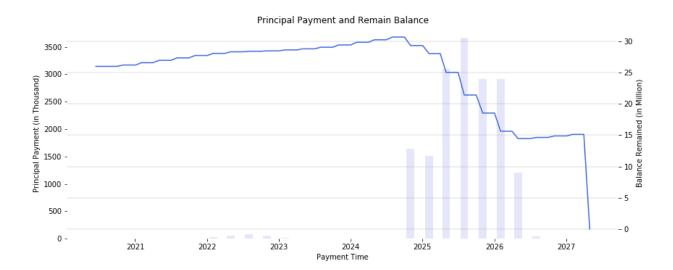
2026

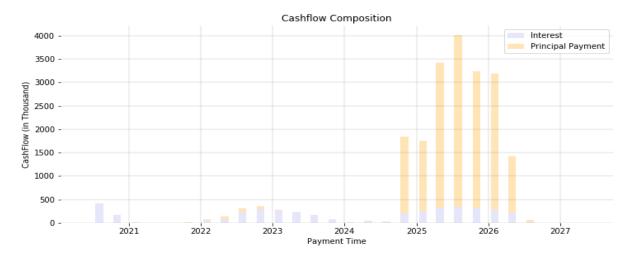
2025



Tranche E

Tranche Information 1	Content 1	Tranche Information 2	Content 2
ORIGINAL BALANCE (\$ Million)	26	IC TEST TRIGGER	105.00
CURRENT BALANCE (\$ Million)	26	CURRENT IC	129.53
TRANCHE SPECIFIC STRESSED CDR	35.26	OC TEST TRIGGER	104.80
EJR MODEL IMPLIED RATING	B- (sf)	CURRENT OC	103.38





According to the weighted average cashflow output (under EJR's B- stress level of the whole life default rate, and assuming 50% loss will happen evenly in the first year, remaining 50% will happen evenly in the next 5 years), the payment window for this tranche ranges from June 15, 2020 to May 01, 2027. The current balance of the tranche is \$26.0M, by the end of the payment period (May 01, 2027), \$17.26M will be paid off. The remaining principal outstanding should be \$15.13M (which represents 58.19% of the tranche balance). Total interest payments of the tranche will total approximately \$4.06M.



EJR's Key Rating Features & Differences Compare With Other NRSROs

Below is a summary of EJR's approach (see our Methodology for a more complete description):

- 1. Our rating is derived from estimated losses.
- 2. To reflect the current bearish credit conditions, assets in the collateral pool are assumed to be one notch lower than that currently assigned by other NRSROs.
- 3. The probabilities of default and estimated losses utilized are generally more conservative than industry standards.
- 4. Similarly, the recovery rates applied are lower relative to industry benchmarks.
- 5. EJR's analysis is conducted using information and cash flow engines supplied by a recognized industry service provider.
- 6. Subject to economic conditions, EJR may cap its highest rating at "AA" and apply an additional downgrade of up to two notches for each tranche.



SEC Rule 17g-7(a) Disclosure

Below are the disclosures as required by Paragraph (a) of Rule 17g-7.

1. The symbol in the rating scale used to denote the credit rating categories and notches within categories and the identity of the obligor, security, or money market instrument as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(A) of Rule 17g-7:

There are three notches in each of EJR's rating category (e.g., A-(sf), A(sf) and A+(sf) for category A(sf)) except for AAA(sf), CC(sf), C(sf) and D(sf).

2. The version of the procedure or methodology used to determine the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(B) of Rule 17g-7:

We are using the EJR CLO methodology (Non-NRSRO) approved by Feb 26, 2020 and the Methodologies for Determining Credit Ratings (Main Methodology) version 14 published by Feb 03,2020.

3. The main assumptions and principles used in constructing the procedures and methodologies used to determine the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(C) of Rule 17g-7:

The credit rating assigned reflects EJR's judgement regarding the future credit quality of the issue. The major assumptions used to construct the methodologies include:

- 1). Past data reflects the performance and credit worthiness of the pooled assets and is useful for analysis.
- 2). Financial and credit information that EJR gets from the issuer or the third party is reliable and accurate.
- 3). The economy and regulation policies will remain stable in the foreseeable future.

Specific quantitative assumptions used in this credit analysis applied to the collateral assets, which include Default Rate and Recovery Rate. According to the methodology, EJR converts the collateral assets into numbers of identical independent assets with the same default rate and recovery rate. The number of these converted assets is the Diversity Score.

4. The potential limitations of the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(D) of Rule 17g-7:

EJR's rating pertains solely to EJR's view of current and prospective credit quality. EJR's rating does not address pricing, liquidity or other risks associated with holding investments in the issuer. EJR ratings

- 1). Are not intended to address the value, price, price stability, liquidity, suitability, or merit of an investment.
- 2). Do not address investment merit, whether a particular rated security is suitable for a particular investor or suitable for an investor's risk tolerance.
- 3). Do not address whether the expected return of a particular investment is adequate for the inherent risk.
- 4). Do not address whether the market value of the security will remain stable over time.
- 5). Are not exact measures of the probability of default but are instead expressions of the relative credit risk of issuers and debt instruments.
- 6). Are not recommendations to buy, sell or hold any security.

5. Information on the uncertainty of the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(E) of Rule 17g-7:

EJR's rating is dependent on numerous factors including the reliability, accuracy, and quality of the data used in determining the credit rating. The data is sourced from issuers' publicly disclosed reports, or from third-party data vendors. For solicited rating reports, EJR may also use the information provided by the client. In some cases, the information is limited because of issues such as the lack of reported data. Such shortcomings are not always readily apparent. EJR aims to identify such shortcomings and make adjustments using its best judgement.

6. Whether and to what extent third-party due diligence services have been used in taking the rating action as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(F) of Rule 17g-7:

EJR does not utilize third-party due diligence services.

7. How servicer or remittance reports were used, and with what frequency, to conduct surveillance of the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(G) of Rule 17g-7:

EJR did not conduct surveillance of this rating.

8. A description of the data that were relied upon for the purpose of determining the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1) (ii)(H) of Rule 17g-7:

EJR uses the third-party data vendor obtain essential data for ratings on this ABS product.

9. A statement containing an overall assessment of the quality of information available and considered in the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(I) of Rule 17g-7:

The information used in this analysis is generally of high quality.

10. Information relating to conflicts of interest as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(J) of Rule 17g-7:

This rating is unsolicited.



11. An explanation or measure of the potential volatility of the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(K) of Rule 17g-7:

EJR's rating aims to assess the possible loss of investing in the obligations. Factors which affect such projection, and in turn EJR's rating, include changes in the credit worthiness of the collateral assets, changes in the correlation between them, and overall economic changes.

12. Information on the content of the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(L) of Rule 17g-7:

- 1). As this is a new credit rating, historical performance is not applicable.
- 2). As discussed in EJR's CLO Methodology, EJR attempts to calculate the weighted average default probability of the portfolio by using EJR's Weighted Average Rating Score (WARS) approach. EJR's ratings of CLO tranches are based on the estimated losses (EL) generated by applying default scenarios based on likelihood of occurrence. However, EJR's credit ratings are not based on absolute measures of probability of default and expected loss. EJR's credit ratings are opinions about the relative creditworthiness of an entity or an instrument.
- 13. Information on the sensitivity of the credit rating to assumptions as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(M) of Rule 17g-7:

See in the report, Section "Stress Analysis".

14. If the credit rating is assigned to an asset-backed security, a description of: (i) the representations, warranties, and enforcement mechanisms available to investors; and (ii) how they differ from the representations, warranties, and enforcement mechanisms in issuances of similar securities, as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(N) of Rule 17g-7:

Such information in this analysis is non-public. Hence EJR decides that this disclosure doesn't apply to this report.

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Analyst Signature:

KEVIN ZHANG Rating Analyst Date Prepared 2020-06-10

Reviewer Signature: Steve Zhang

STEVE ZHANG Rating Analyst

Date Reviewed 2020-06-10