

## Park Avenue Institutional Advisers CLO 2017-1 Rating Report

Tranche Name	EJR Final Rating
manche Marite	Non-NRSRO Rating
Х	AAA (sf)
A1R	AAA (sf)
A2R	AAA (sf)
B1R	A+ (sf)
B2R	A+ (sf)
C1R	BBB- (sf)
C2R	BB+ (sf)
DR	BB (sf)



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#### **Rating Summary**

Tranche Name	EJR Implied Rating	EJR Final Rating NonNRSRO Rating	Other NRSROs EJR Equivalent Rating	Current Interest OC (%)	Current Principal OC (%)	Subordir	rrent nation <sup>1</sup> (%) ets at Par	Interest Rate
Х	AAA	AAA	N/A	121.2	262.9	N/A	N/A	L_3MO + 0.725
A1R	AAA	AAA	N/A	121.2	262.9	36.0	37.0	L_3MO + 1.24
A2R	AAA	AAA	N/A	121.2	262.9	22.9	24.0	L_3MO + 1.55
B1R	A+	A+	N/A	121.2	262.9	16.8	18.0	L 3MO + 2.20
B2R	A+	A+	N/A	121.2	262.9	16.8	18.0	N/A
C1R	BBB-	BBB-	N/A	113.0	220.3	10.7	12.0	L_3MO + 3.60
C2R	BB+	BB+	N/A	113.0	220.3	10.7	12.0	N/A
DR	BB	BB	N/A	108.6	N/A	7.1	8.5	L_3MO + 6.81

Note: The data used in the analysis of this report was updated on

1. Current Subordination = (Collateral Value- (Pari-Passu Balance + Senior Balance)) / Collateral Value

MV = Market prices reported by the trustee on the latest report (when available)

Par = Par Value

#### **Transaction Summary**

We are providing the rating of Park Avenue Institutional Advisers CLO 2017-1 as a Non-NRSRO rating. The transaction closed on November 14, 2017. It had a reinvestment period, which ended on February 14, 2026. It has a maturity date of February 14, 2034. The Dealer and Trustee are JPMorgan and U.S. Bank, respectively.

#### **Quantitative Analysis**

#### **Key Credit Metrics**

Metrics	Number
SENIOR TRANCHE SUBORDINATION (%)	36.0
DIVERSITY SCORE	51
EJR WEIGHTED AVERAGE RATING SCORE	3465.9
WEIGHTED AVERAGE LIFE (Years)	4.8
CCC+ OR LESS (%)	3.9

As of February 15, 2022, the total balance of the underlying assets was approximately \$408.6M. The diversity score of the portfolio was 51. EJR's weighted average rating score and weighted average life (years) of the collateral were 3465 and 4.8, respectively. Approximately 3.9% of the portfolio's assets were rated CCC+ or less by other NRSROs. Senior tranche subordination was 36.05%.



#### **Portfolio Characteristics**

#### **Industry Concentration**

Top 5 asset industries	Current Balance (N	I) Percentage (%) G	ross Coupon (%	) Gross Margin	Market Price (\$)
Healthcare & Pharmaceuticals	68.2	16.8	4.0	3.6	98.2
Media: Broadcasting & Subscription	n 36.3	9.0	2.8	2.6	99.2
Automotive	31.6	7.8	4.0	3.5	98.4
Retail	29.3	7.2	4.6	4.0	98.4
Hotel, Gaming & Leisure	26.1	6.4	2.9	2.6	99.8

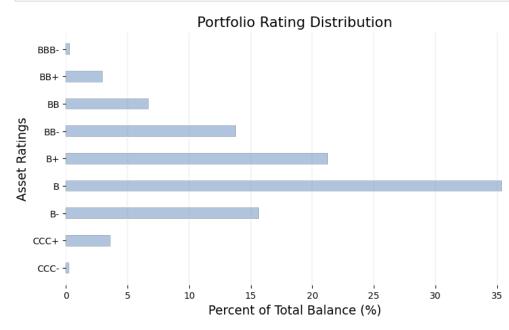
#### Top 10 Industry Contribution



The top 5 industries constituted 47.2% of the underlying portfolio with a total current balance of \$191.4M. The top 5 industries are Healthcare & Pharmaceuticals. Media: Broadcasting & Subscription. Automotive. Retail. Hotel, Gaming & Leisure, The top 10 industries constituted 72.4% of underlying portfolio with a total current balance of \$293.3M.

#### **Rating of Underlying Assets**

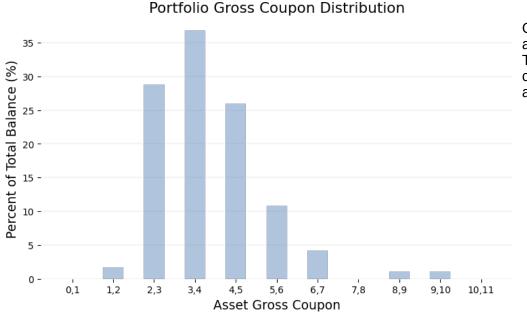
Bottom 5 asset ratings	Current Balance (M)	Percentage (%)	Gross Coupon (%)	<b>Gross Margin</b>	Market Price (\$)
B+	86.0	21.2	3.3	2.9	99.5
В	143.5	35.4	4.1	3.6	99.7
B-	63.5	15.7	4.5	4.0	98.4
CCC+	14.7	3.6	5.7	4.8	93.0
CCC-	1.0	0.2	9.1	9.0	54.0



The current ratings of the underlying assets range from BBB- to CCC-. An amount equal to 3.9% of the underlying assets have ratings equal to or below CCC+, with a total balance of \$15.7M. (Note: The current current ratings are other NRSROs ratings as of February 01, 2022.)

#### **Gross Coupon of Underlying Assets**

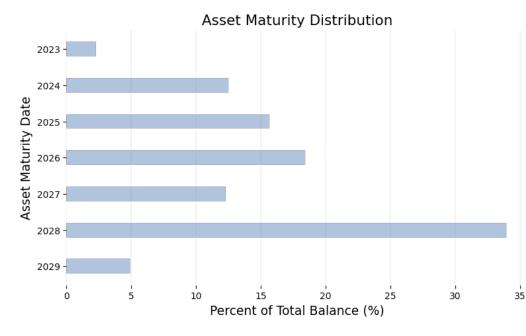
Top 5 Gross Coupon Range	Current Balance (M)	Percentage (%)	Gross Coupon (%)	<b>Gross Margin</b>	Market Price (\$)
≥3% but <4%	149.1	36.8	3.5	3.0	99.5
≥2% but <3%	116.6	28.8	2.6	2.3	99.2
≥4% but <5%	105.1	25.9	4.4	3.8	99.4
≥5% but <6%	43.7	10.8	5.4	4.6	99.2
≥6% but <7%	17.1	4.2	6.3	5.1	98.0



Gross coupon of the underlying assets ranges from 0.0% to 9.1%. The weighted average gross coupon of the portfolio is approximately 3.8%.

#### Maturity of Underlying Assets by Current Balance

Top 5 Asset Maturity Range	Current Balance (M)	Percentage (%)	Gross Coupon (%)	<b>Gross Margin</b>	Market Price (\$)
2028	137.5	33.9	3.8	3.3	99.7
2026	74.7	18.4	3.7	3.4	96.6
2025	63.4	15.7	3.6	3.3	98.8
2024	50.6	12.5	3.7	3.0	98.5
2027	49.8	12.3	3.9	3.3	100.1



The underlying assets have maturity dates from May 19, 2023 to February 02, 2029. 16.0% of the underlying assets will mature within 3 years, while another 48.6% of the underlying assets have maturities beyond 5 years.

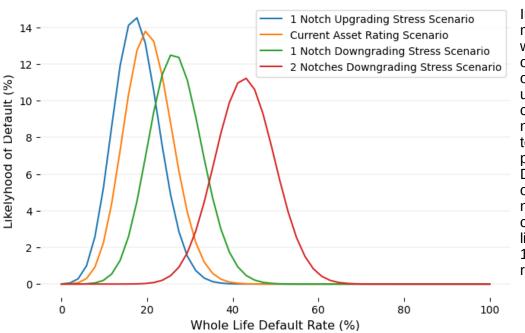


#### **Senority of Underlying Assets**

	Current Balance (M)	Percentage (%)	Gross Coupon (%)	Gross Margin	Market Price (\$)
Second Lien	4.0	1.0	9.0	8.2	76.5
Senior Secured	401.2	99.0	3.7	3.3	99.2

There are 282 non-default assets (with seniority information available) in the underlying collateral pool, 99.0% are senior secured loans, and 1.0% with lower seniority.

#### Sensitivity Analysis



Portfolio Whole Life Default Rate Distribution

In EJR's view, ratings on loans may be upgraded or downgraded with little notice. In EJR's optimistic case, we assumed an notch upgrade one to the underlying assets. In EJR's stress casees, we assumed one or two notch cut to the underlying assets reflect possible market to pressure. According to EJR's Default Probability Table, the optimistic case, base case, one notch cut and two notches cut casees weighted average whole life default rate of probability are 17.7%, 20.5%, 26.7% and 42.9%, respectively.

#### **Estimated Loss Information**

Estimated loss is one of the key considerations in EJR's structured finance ratings. In times of stress when economic conditions are deteriorating, default rates and loss severity are more likely to increase relative to a portfolio's initial or base case default and loss severity levels. EJR believes a tranche with higher rating should be able to withstand greater stress and sustain lower losses than a tranche with a lower rating. For example, a tranche with AAA rating should be able to survive the great depression scenario (the highest default and loss severity levels experienced if they were to occur in the future). A 'AA' rated tranche would be more susceptible to an adverse economic impact than the 'AAA' rated tranche, but nonetheless should be able to withstand such effects better than a tranche with a lower rating. EJR creates different stress levels based on different target tranche ratings (from AAA to B+). The detailed estimated loss (%) information of each tranche under each stress level is detailed in the below table:

Stress Level	Х	A1R	A2R	B1R	B2R	C1R	C2R	DR
AAA (sf) Stress	0	0	0	19.1	25.2	76.6	79.0	92.0
AA+ (sf) Stress	0	0	0	4.0	10.4	62.0	65.9	90.0
AA (sf) Stress	0	0	0	2.3	8.7	59.6	63.8	89.6
AA- (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0.7	7.2	57.3	61.6	89.1
A+ (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0	34.0	40.1	84.2
A (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0	31.3	37.6	83.2
A- (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0	28.6	35.0	82.1
BBB+ (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0	4.9	12.5	70.4
BBB (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0	2.8	10.3	68.4
BBB- (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0	0.7	8.3	66.2
BB+ (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23.9
BB (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BB- (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
B+ (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
B (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
B- (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CCC+ (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CCC (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CCC- (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CC (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
C (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



#### Tranche Summary

#### Tranche X

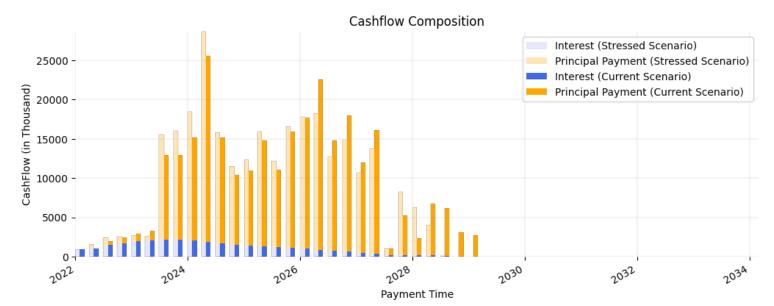


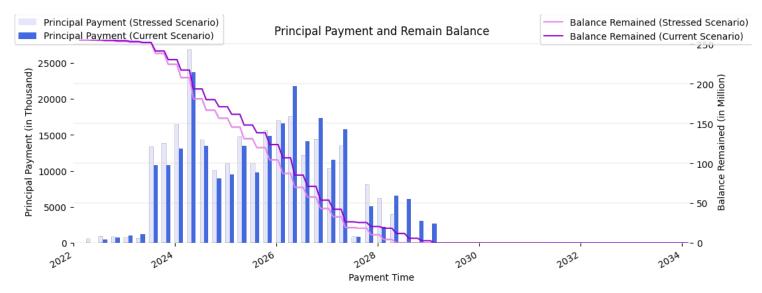
The charts reflects the remaining balance and cashflow forcasting under a) current default and recovery scenario and b) AAA (sf) stress level default and recovery scenario, assuming 50% loss will happen evenly in the first 2 years. The current principal balance of the tranche is \$4.9M. Under current default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2022 to May 14, 2027. By the end of the payment period (May 14, 2027), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M. Under AAA (sf) default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2022 to May 14, 2029. By the end of the payment period (May 14, 2029), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2022 to May 14, 2029. By the end of the payment period (May 14, 2029), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2022 to May 14, 2029. By the end of the payment period (May 14, 2029), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M.



#### Tranche A1R

Title	Value	Title	Value
ORIGINAL BALANCE (\$ Million)	255.2	IC TEST TRIGGER	115.0
CURRENT BALANCE (\$ Million)	255.2	CURRENT IC	262.9
TRANCHE SPECIFIC STRESSED PD		OC TEST TRIGGER	114.0
EJR MODEL IMPLIED RATING	AAA (sf)	CURRENT OC	121.2
UNCOVERED BALANCE (assets at MV) (\$ Million)	0.0	UNCOVERED RATIO (assets at MV) (%)	0.0
UNCOVERED BALANCE (assets at Par) (\$ Million)	N/A	UNCOVERED RATIO (assets at Par) (%)	0.0





The charts reflects the remaining balance and cashflow forcasting under a) current default and recovery scenario and b) AAA (sf) stress level default and recovery scenario, assuming 50% loss will happen evenly in the first 2 years. The current principal balance of the tranche is \$255.2M. Under current default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2022 to Feb 14, 2029. By the end of the payment period (Feb 14, 2029), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M. Under AAA (sf) default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2022 to May 14, 2029. By the end of the payment period (May 14, 2029), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2022 to May 14, 2029. By the end of the payment period (May 14, 2029), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2022 to May 14, 2029. By the end of the payment period (May 14, 2029), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M.



#### Tranche A2R

	Title		Value		Title	Value
O	RIGINAL BALANCE (	(\$ Million)	52.6	IC TE	ST TRIGGER	115.0
CL	JRRENT BALANCE	(\$ Million)	52.6	CU	RRENT IC	262.9
TRAN	ICHE SPECIFIC STR	RESSED PD		OC TE	ST TRIGGER	114.0
E	JR MODEL IMPLIED	RATING	AAA (sf)		RRENT OC	121.2
	ED BALANCE (asset		0.0		ATIO (assets at MV) (%)	0.0
UNCOVER	ED BALANCE (asset	s at Par) (\$ Million)	N/A	UNCOVERED R	ATIO (assets at Par) (%)	0.0
		C	Cashflow Com	position		
					Interest (Stressed Scenario)	
20000 -					Principal Payment (Stressed	Scenario
20000					Interest (Current Scenario)	
					Principal Payment (Current S	cenario
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15000						
10000 -						
5000 -						
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2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	2032	203
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			ruyment i			
	ment (Stressed Scenario)	Principal Payr	nent and Rem	ain Balance	Balance Remained (Stresse	
	yment (Stressed Scenario) yment (Current Scenario)	Principal Payr	ment and Rem	ain Balance	Balance Remained (Curren	t Scenari
		Principal Payr	ment and Rem	ain Balance	Balance Remained (Curren	
25000 Principal Pay		Principal Payr	nent and Rem	ain Balance	— Balance Remained (Curren	t Scenari 50
25000 Principal Pay		Principal Payr	nent and Rem	ain Balance	— Balance Remained (Curren	t Scenari 50
25000 Principal Pay		Principal Payr	ment and Rem	ain Balance	— Balance Remained (Curren	t Scenari 50
25000 Principal Pay		Principal Payr	ment and Rem	ain Balance	— Balance Remained (Curren	t Scenari 50
25000 Principal Pay		Principal Payr	ment and Rem	ain Balance	— Balance Remained (Curren	t Scenari 50
25000 Principal Pay		Principal Payr	ment and Rem	ain Balance	— Balance Remained (Curren	t Scenari 50
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20000 - 15000 -		Principal Payr	ment and Rem	ain Balance	— Balance Remained (Curren	t Scenari
20000 - 15000 - 10000 - 5000 -		Principal Payr	ment and Rem	ain Balance	— Balance Remained (Curren	t Scenari 50 40 (in Willion) 30 agained (in Willion) 20 agained 10 Balance
25000 Principal Pay			ment and Rem	ain Balance	— Balance Remained (Curren	t Scenari 50

The charts reflects the remaining balance and cashflow forcasting under a) current default and recovery scenario and b) AAA (sf) stress level default and recovery scenario, assuming 50% loss will happen evenly in the first 2 years. The current principal balance of the tranche is \$52.6M. Under current default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2022 to Nov 14, 2029. By the end of the payment period (Nov 14, 2029), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M. Under AAA (sf) default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2022 to Nov 14, 2029. By the end of the payment period (Nov 14, 2029), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M.

Payment Time



#### Tranche B1R

	Title		Value		Title	Value
	RIGINAL BALANCE (		14.0		ST TRIGGER	115.0
	URRENT BALANCE		14.0		RRENT IC	262.9
	NCHE SPECIFIC STR				ST TRIGGER	114.0
	JR MODEL IMPLIED		A+ (sf)		RENT OC	121.2
	ED BALANCE (asset		0.0		ATIO (assets at MV) (%)	0.0
UNCOVER	ED BALANCE (asset	s at Par) (\$ Million)	N/A	UNCOVERED R/	ATIO (assets at Par) (%)	0.0
		C	ashflow Co	mposition		
10000 -					Interest (Stressed Scenario) Principal Payment (Stressed Interest (Current Scenario)	
ousand) - 0008					Principal Payment (Current	Scenario)
- 0008 (in Thousand) - 0009 - 0009 - 0009 - 0009						
- 0004 - CashFlo						
2000 -				<b>b</b>		
0 +	2024	2026	2 <sup>028</sup> Payment	20 <sup>30</sup> Time	2032	2034
	yment (Stressed Scenario) yment (Current Scenario)	Principal Payn	nent and Rer	nain Balance	Balance Remained (Stress Balance Remained (Curren	
10000						- 14
Principal Payment (in Thousand) - 0009 - 0008 0008 0008			1			- 12 - 12 - 10 (in Million) - 8 - 8 - 6 - 6 - 6
- 0009 (ii						mained (
- 0005 -						- 6 - Balance Rer
						- 2
0 7 20 <sup>22</sup>	2024	2026	2028	2030	2032 2034	- 0
		I	Payment Time			

The charts reflects the remaining balance and cashflow forcasting under a) current default and recovery scenario and b) A+ (sf) stress level default and recovery scenario, assuming 50% loss will happen evenly in the first 2 years. The current principal balance of the tranche is \$14.0M. Under current default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2022 to May 14, 2030. By the end of the payment period (May 14, 2030), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M. Under A+ (sf) default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2022 to May 14, 2030), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M. Under A+ (sf) default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2022 to May 14, 2030), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M.



#### Tranche B2R

	Title		Value		Title	Value	
	ORIGINAL BALANCE (\$ Million)		10.3	IC TES	115.0		
CURRENT BALANCE (\$ Million)		10.3	CURRENT IC		262.9		
	TRANCHE SPECIFIC STRESSED PD			OC TEST TRIGGER		114.0	
	EJR MODEL IMPLIED RATING		A+ (sf)	CURRENT OC		121.2	
	COVERED BALANCE (assets at MV) (\$ Million)		0.0	UNCOVERED RATIO (assets at MV) (%)		0.0	
UNCOVERED	BALANCE (assets	s at Par) (\$ Million)	N/A	UNCOVERED R	ATIO (assets at Par) (%)	0.0	
		C	ashflow Cor	nposition			
7000					Interest (Stressed Scenario)		
7000 -					Principal Payment (Stressed	Scenario)	
6000 -				-	Interest (Current Scenario)		
0000-					Principal Payment (Current	Scenario)	
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4000 -							
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2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	2032	2034	
5	6	L	۔ Payment		L	6	
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	nt (Stressed Scenario) nt (Current Scenario)	Principal Payr	ment and Rer	nain Balance	Balance Remained (Stress Balance Remained (Current)		
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2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	2032 2034		
			Payment Time				

The charts reflects the remaining balance and cashflow forcasting under a) current default and recovery scenario and b) A+ (sf) stress level default and recovery scenario, assuming 50% loss will happen evenly in the first 2 years. The current principal balance of the tranche is \$10.3M. Under current default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2022 to May 14, 2030. By the end of the payment period (May 14, 2030), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M. Under A+ (sf) default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2022 to May 14, 2030. By the end of the payment period (May 14, 2030). By the end of the payment period (May 14, 2030), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M.



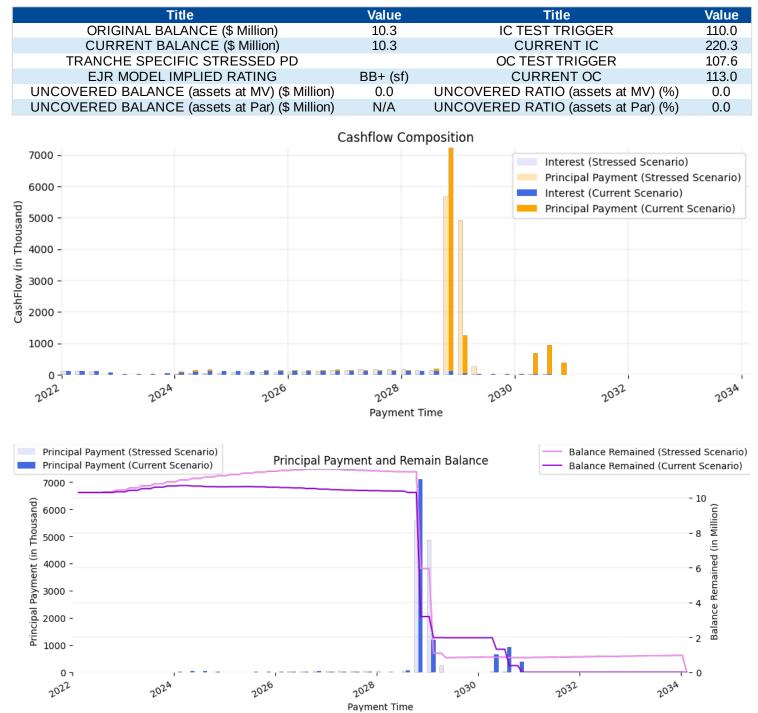
#### Tranche C1R

	Title		Value		Title	Value
	ORIGINAL BALANCE (\$ Million)		14.0 14.0	IC TEST TRIGGER		110.0
	CURRENT BALANCE (\$ Million)			CUF	220.3	
	TRANCHE SPECIFIC STRESSED PD				ST TRIGGER	107.6
	EJR MODEL IMPLIED RATING		BBB- (sf)		RENT OC	113.0
	UNCOVERED BALANCE (assets at MV) (\$ Million)		0.0		ATIO (assets at MV) (%)	0.0
UNC	OVERED BALANCE (asset	s at Par) (\$ Million)	N/A	UNCOVERED RA	ATIO (assets at Par) (%)	0.0
		C	ashflow Com	position		
					Interest (Stressed Scenario)	
					Principal Payment (Stressed	Scenario)
8000	-				Interest (Current Scenario)	
and					Principal Payment (Current S	Scenario)
isno 6000						
CashFlow (in Thousand) 0000 0009 0009						
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2022	2024	2026	2028	2030	2032	2034
			Payment T	ime		
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	ncipal Payment (Current Scenario)	Principal Payi	ment and Rem	ain Balance	Balance Remained (Currer	t Scenario)
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-	0	2026	2028	30	2032 2034	- 0
20	204	200	20 <sup>2</sup>	2030	20 <sup>32</sup> 20 <sup>34</sup>	
			Payment Time			

The charts reflects the remaining balance and cashflow forcasting under a) current default and recovery scenario and b) BBB- (sf) stress level default and recovery scenario, assuming 50% loss will happen evenly in the first 2 years. The current principal balance of the tranche is \$14.0M. Under current default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2022 to Nov 14, 2030. By the end of the payment period (Nov 14, 2030), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M. Under BBB- (sf) default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2022 to Nov 14, 2030), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2022 to Nov 14, 2030), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2022 to Nov 14, 2030), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2022 to Nov 14, 2030. By the end of the payment period (Nov 14, 2030), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M.



#### Tranche C2R



The charts reflects the remaining balance and cashflow forcasting under a) current default and recovery scenario and b) BB+ (sf) stress level default and recovery scenario, assuming 50% loss will happen evenly in the first 2 years. The current principal balance of the tranche is \$10.3M. Under current default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2022 to Nov 14, 2030. By the end of the payment period (Nov 14, 2030), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M. Under BB+ (sf) default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2022 to Nov 14, 2030), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2022 to Nov 14, 2030. By the end of the payment period (Nov 14, 2030), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2022 to Nov 14, 2030), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2022 to Nov 14, 2030. By the end of the payment period (Nov 14, 2030), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M.

#### Tranche DR

Title	Value		Title	Value	
ORIGINAL BALANCE (\$ Million)	14.2	IC TEST TRIGGER		N/A	
CURRENT BALANCE (\$ Million)	14.2		CURRENT IC		
TRANCHE SPECIFIC STRESSED F			OC TEST TRIGGER		
EJR MODEL IMPLIED RATING	BB (sf)		RENT OC	108.6	
UNCOVERED BALANCE (assets at MV) (S		UNCOVERED RATIO (assets at MV) (%)		0.0	
UNCOVERED BALANCE (assets at Par) (S	6 Million) N/A	UNCOVERED RA	ATIO (assets at Par) (%)	0.0	
	Cashflow C	Composition			
12000 -					
			Principal Payment (Stressed	d Scenario)	
_ 10000 -			Interest (Current Scenario)		
pue			Principal Payment (Current	Scenario)	
8000 -					
Tho					
- 0008 0008 0008					
MO O					
2000 -					
0-	╞┛┛┛┫┫┫┫				
2022 2024 2026	2028	2030	2032	2034	
		ent Time			
Principal Payment (Stressed Scenario)				sed Scenario)	
Principal Payment (Current Scenario)	ncipal Payment and R	emain Balance	Balance Remained (Curre		
12000 -					
				- 20	
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- A 6	. 0	-0	.0	0	
2022 2024 2026	2 <sup>028</sup> Payment Tim	2030	2032 2034	- 0	

The charts reflects the remaining balance and cashflow forcasting under a) current default and recovery scenario and b) BB (sf) stress level default and recovery scenario, assuming 50% loss will happen evenly in the first 2 years. The current principal balance of the tranche is \$14.2M. Under current default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2022 to Feb 14, 2031. By the end of the payment period (Feb 14, 2031), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M. Under BB (sf) default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2031), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M. Under BB (sf) default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Feb 14, 2022 to Feb 14, 2031. By the end of the payment period (Feb 14, 2031), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M.

#### EJR's Key Rating Features & Differences Compare With Other NRSROs

Below is a summary of EJR's approach (see our Methodology for a more complete description):

1. Our rating is derived from estimated losses.

2. The probabilities of default utilized are generally more conservative than industry standards.

3. Generally, our ratings are more heavily model driven and take into account fewer subjective / qualitative assumptions.

4. Generally, EJR updates the cashflow and ratings monthly based on the availability of the trustee reports.

5. EJR's analysis is conducted using information and cash flow engines supplied by a recognized industry service provider.

#### **Difference Between Implied Rating and Assigned Rating**

There is no difference between model implied rating and final assigned rating.



#### SEC Rule 17g-7(a) Disclosure

Below are the disclosures as required by Paragraph (a) of Rule 17g-7.

## **1.** The symbol in the rating scale used to denote the credit rating categories and notches within categories and the identity of the obligor, security, or money market instrument as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(A) of Rule 17g-7:

There are three notches in each of EJR's rating category (e.g., A-(sf), A(sf) and A+(sf) for category A(sf)) except for AAA(sf), CC(sf), C(sf) and D(sf).

## 2. The version of the procedure or methodology used to determine the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii) (B) of Rule 17g-7:

We are using the EJR CLO Methodology (Non-NRSRO) version 1 published by Apr 22, 2020, the General Methodology for Rating Asset Backed and Structured Finance Obligations version 2 published by Apr 26, 2021.

## **3.** The main assumptions and principles used in constructing the procedures and methodologies used to determine the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(C) of Rule 17g-7:

The credit rating assigned reflects EJR's judgement regarding the future credit quality of the issue. The major assumptions used to construct the methodologies include: 1) Past data reflects the performance and credit worthiness of the pooled assets and is useful for analysis. 2) Financial and credit information that EJR gets from the issuer or the third party is reliable and accurate. 3) The economy and regulation policies will remain stable in the foreseeable future. Specific quantitative assumptions used in this credit analysis applied to the collateral assets, which include Default Rate and Recovery Rate. According to the methodology, EJR converts the collateral assets into numbers of identical independent assets with the same default rate and recovery rate. The number of these converted assets is the Diversity Score.

#### 4. The potential limitations of the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(D) of Rule 17g-7:

EJR's rating pertains solely to EJR's view of current and prospective credit quality. EJR's rating does not address pricing, liquidity or other risks associated with holding investments in the issuer. EJR ratings 1) Are not intended to address the value, price, price stability, liquidity, suitability, or merit of an investment. 2) Do not address investment merit, whether a particular rated security is suitable for a particular investor or suitable for an investor's risk tolerance. 3) Do not address whether the expected return of a particular investment is adequate for the inherent risk. 4) Do not address whether the market value of the security will remain stable over time. 5) Are not exact measures of the probability of default but are instead expressions of the relative credit risk of issuers and debt instruments. 6) Are not recommendations to buy, sell or hold any security.

## 5. Information on the uncertainty of the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(E) of Rule 17g-7:

EJR's rating is dependent on numerous factors including the reliability, accuracy, and quality of the data used in determining the credit rating. The data is sourced from issuers' publicly disclosed reports, or from third-party data vendors. For solicited rating reports, EJR may also use the information provided by the client. In some cases, the information is limited because of issues such as the lack of reported data. Such shortcomings are not always readily apparent. EJR aims to identify such shortcomings and make adjustments using its best judgement.

## 6. Whether and to what extent third-party due diligence services have been used in taking the rating action as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(F) of Rule 17g-7:

EJR does not utilize third-party due diligence services.

## 7. How servicer or remittance reports were used, and with what frequency, to conduct surveillance of the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(G) of Rule 17g-7:

EJR did not conduct surveillance of this rating.

## 8. Adescription of the data that were relied upon for the purpose of determining the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(H) of Rule 17g-7:

EJR uses a third-party data vendor obtain essential data for ratings on this ABS product.

## 9. Astatement containing an overall assessment of the quality of information available and considered in the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(I) of Rule 17g-7:

The information used in this analysis is generally of high quality.

#### 10. Information relating to conflicts of interest as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(J) of Rule 17g-7:

This rating is unsolicited.

## **11.** An explanation or measure of the potential volatility of the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(K) of Rule 17g-7:

EJR's rating aims to assess the possible loss of investing in the obligations. Factors which affect such projection, and in turn EJR's rating, include changes in the credit worthiness of the collateral assets, changes in the correlation between them, and overall economic changes.

## 12. Information on the content of the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(L) of Rule 17g-7:

1) Historical performance can be found on https://portal.egan-jones.com/client/fast/clo.aspx 2) As discussed in EJR's CLO Methodology, EJR attempts to calculate the weighted average default probability of the portfolio by using EJR's Weighted Average Rating Score (WARS) approach. EJR's ratings of CLO tranches are based on the estimated losses (EL) generated by applying default scenarios based on likelihood of occurrence. However, EJR's credit ratings are not based on absolute measures of probability of default and expected loss. EJR's credit ratings are opinions about the relative creditworthiness of an entity or an instrument.

## 13. Information on the sensitivity of the credit rating to assumptions as required by Paragraph (a) (1)(ii)(M) of Rule 17g-7:

See the section in this report entitled "Stress Analysis".

# 14. If the credit rating is assigned to an asset-backed security, a description of: (i) the representations, warranties, and enforcement mechanisms available to investors; and (ii) how they differ from the representations, warranties, and enforcement mechanisms in issuances of similar securities, as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(N) of Rule 17g-7: :

Such information in this analysis is non-public. Hence EJR has determined that this disclosure doesn't apply to this report.

#### Disclaimer

THIS RATING IS ISSUED IN RESPECT OF AN "ASSET-BACKED SECURITY". EGAN-JONES RATINGS COMPANY IS NOT REGISTERED AS A NATIONALLY RECOGNIZED STATISTICAL RATING ORGANIZATION IN RESPECT OF "ASSET-BACKED SECURITIES" AND THE RATING IS NOT BEING ISSUED OR MAINTAINED BY EGAN-JONES IN ITS CAPACITY AS AN NRSRO. EGAN-JONES MAKES NO REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY THAT ANY SUCH NON-NRSRO RATING MEETS ANY CONDITIONS OR REQUIREMENTS FOR USE OF A RATING.





#### ATTESTATION FORM

In compliance with the US Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Rule 17g-7(a), the Egan-Jones analyst who published the report is responsible for the rating action and to the best knowledge of the person:

1) No part of the credit rating was influenced by any other business activities,

2) The credit rating was based solely upon the merits of the obligor, security, or money market instrument being rated, and

3) The credit rating was an independent evaluation of the credit risk of the obligor, security, or money market instrument.

#### Analyst Signature:

Date Prepared

02/15/22

#### **Reviewer Signature:**

Date Prepared 02/15/22