## Natixis Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust 2018-ALXA Rating Report (Non-NRSRO Rating)

| Tranche Name | EJR Rating* |
| :---: | :--- |
| A | AA(sf) |
| B | A+(sf) |
| C | BBB-(sf) |
| D | CCC-(sf) |
| E | D(sf) |
| V1AB | NR(sf) |
| V1C | NR(sf) |
| V1D | NR(sf) |
| V1E | NR(sf) |
| V2 | NR(sf) |
| R | NR(sf) |


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## Rating Summary

| TRANCHES | BALANCE (\$M) | OTHER <br> NRSROs* | EJR RATING <br> (NON- <br> NRSRO)** | CE | BASE | OPTIMITSTIC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | PESSIMISTIC

* Rating of other NRSROs translated to EJR's rating scale; we use the median rating, and for only two ratings, the lower rating.
** EJR rates the items as a Non-NRSRO. Ratings are based on Base case assumptions.


## Transaction Summary

The transaction closed on Feb 232018 and matures in Jan 2033. The pool's current aggregate principal balance is $\$ 124.5$ million compared to $\$ 124.5$ million at close.

The single asset of the pool is secured by Centre 425 Bellevue - Trust located in Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA metropolitan area. Occupancy at the subject was $100 \%$. The major tenants included Amazon Corporate LLC (101.59\%) and Starbucks (0.56\%).

## Quantitative Analysis

## Key Credit Metrics

| CLOSING DATE | Feb 23 2018 |
| :---: | :---: |
| WAC / NWAC | $4.3414 / 4.3159$ |
| WAM / WALA | $83 / 37$ |
| \# Loans / Properties | $1 / 1$ |
| Wtd Avg Orig / Appraisal LTV | $65.97 / 65.97$ |
| Wtd Avg UW / Curr NOI Debt Yield | $7.32 \% / 7.28 \%$ |
| Wtd Avg UW / Curr NCF DSCR | $1.69 / 3.83$ |
| \% Occupancy | 100.00 |
| \% RemTerm <= 6mos | 0.00 |

The weighted average coupon (WAC) and the weighted average age (WALA) were $4.34 \%$ and 37 months as of $12 / 15 / 2020$, respectively. There are a total of 1 loans and 1 properties in the portfolio. The appraisal LTV was approximately $66.0 \%$ compared to the Original loan to value (LTV), which was approximately $66.0 \%$. The most recent weighted average Debt Service Coverage Ratio (DSCR) was $3.83 x$. As of 12/15/2020, no loan had a remaining term of less than 6 months. Weighted average occupancy was approximately $100 \%$.
(Data Source: INTEXcalc)

## Portfolio Characteristics

Property Type

| Property Type | Assets | Balance <br> $(\$ \mathrm{M})$ | Bal \% | Gross <br> Coupon \% | Curr Amort <br> LTV \% | Remaining <br> Term (mos.) | Age (mos.) | DSCR (x) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Office | 1.00 | 124.45 | 100.00 | 4.34 | 65.97 | 83.00 | 37.00 | 3.84 |

Type Concentration


Defeasance Status

| Defeasance Status | Assets | Balance <br> $(\$ M)$ | Bal \% | Gross <br> Coupon \% | Curr Amort <br> LTV \% | Remaining <br> Term (mos.) | Age (mos.) | DSCR (x) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No Defeasance <br> Occurred | 1 | 124.45 | 100.00 | 4.34 | 65.97 | 83.00 | 37.00 | 3.84 |

Occupancy \% (by property)

| Occupancy (\%) | Assets | Balance <br> $(\$ \mathbf{M})$ | Bal \% | Gross <br> Coupon \% | Curr Amort <br> LTV \% | Remaining <br> Term (mos.) | Age (mos.) | DSCR (x) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Occupancy Distribution (\%)


Occupancy of the portfolio ranged from $90 \%$ and 100\%.

Region (by property)

| Region | Assets | Balance <br> $(\$ \mathbf{M})$ | Bal \% | Gross <br> Coupon \% | Curr Amort <br> LTV \% | Remaining <br> Term (mos.) | Age (mos.) | DSCR (x) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Local Distribution


The single asset in the pool is the state of Washington with the outstanding amount of \$124M.

## Loan to Value (LTV)

LTV Distribution (\%)


Among all the assets in the portfolio, 100\% of total balance had LTVs between $60 \%$ and $70 \%$.

## Amortization

| Is Balloon | Assets | Balance <br> $(\$ \mathrm{M})$ | Bal \% | Gross <br> Coupon \% | Curr Amort <br> LTV \% | Remaining <br> Term (mos.) | Age (mos.) | DSCR (x) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balloon | 1 | 124.45 | 100.00 | 4.34 | 65.97 | 83.00 | 37.00 | 3.84 |

## NOI Debt Yield

| NOI Debt Yield (\%) | Assets | Balance <br> (\$M) | Bal \% | Gross <br> Coupon \% | Curr Amort <br> LTV \% | Remaining <br> Term (mos.) | Age (mos.) | DSCR (x) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 to 7 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 7 to 8 | 1.00 | 124.45 | 100.00 | 4.34 | 65.97 | 83.00 | 37.00 | 3.84 |
| 8 to 9 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

NOI Debt Yield (\%)


There was one single asset in the pool with the most recent net operating income debt yield (NOI Debt Yield) of 7.3\%.

## NCF DSCR

Net Cash Flow DSCR (x)


There was one single asset in the pool with the most recent net cash flow debt service coverage ratios (NCF DSCR) of 3.8 x .

## DSCR (Current / Underwritten)

Current DSCR

## Underwritten DSCR

| DSCR (x) | Assets | Balance (\$M) | Bal \% | DSCR (x) | Assets | Balance (\$M) | Bal \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.5x to 2.0x | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.5x to 2.0x | 1.00 | 124.45 | 100.00 |
| $2.0 x$ to $2.5 x$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | $2.0 x$ to $2.5 x$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 2.5x to 3.0x | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | $2.5 x$ to 3.0x | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 3.0 x to 3.5x | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | $3.0 x$ to $3.5 x$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 3.5 x to 4.0x | 1.00 | 124.45 | 100.00 | 3.5 x to 4.0x | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

DSCR Distribution (x)


There is one single asset in the pool with the most recent DSCR of 3.84 x .

## Maturity



There is one single asset in the pool with the maturity date in January 2033.

## Sensitivity Analysis

## Summary

EJR used the capitalization rates ("cap rates") listed below for the different types of the properties and then calculated the value of the properties in the portfolio by considering the most recent NCF and the various cap rates.

## Cap Rate Assumption

| Type | OPTIMISTIC CASE | PESSIMISTIC CASE | Base Case |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Office | 4.75 | 5.25 | 5 |

## EJR's Key Rating Features \& Differences Compared With Other NRSROs

Below is a summary of EJR's approach (see our Methodology for rating Commerial Mortgage Backed Securities (CMBS) (Non-NRSRO) for more complete description):

1. Our ratings are derived from Loan to Value estimates (LTVs) and calculated Estimated Losses (ELs).The ELs are then compared to our EL matrices to derive the implied ratings.
2. To reflect the current bearish credit conditions, we have discounted reported pool assets' Net Cashflow (NCF) by 20\% for the Base Case.
3. EJR's analysis is conducted using information and cash flow engines supplied by a recognized industry service provider.
4. Subject to economic conditions, EJR may cap its highest rating at "AA" and apply an additional downgrade of up to two notches for each tranche.

## SEC Rule 17g-7(a) Disclosure

Below are the disclosures as required by Paragraph (a) of Rule 17g-7.

1. The symbol in the rating scale used to denote the credit rating categories and notches within categories and the identity of the obligor, security, or money market instrument as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(A) of Rule 17g-7:
There are three notches in each of EJR's rating categories (e.g., A-(sf), A(sf) and A+(sf) for category A(sf)) except for AAA(sf), CC(sf), C(sf) and $\mathrm{D}(\mathrm{sf})$.
2. The version of the procedure or methodology used to determine the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(B) of Rule 17g-7:
We are using the Methodology for Rating Commercial Mortgage Backed Securities (CMBS) (Non-NRSRO) v1a and General Methodology fo Rating Asset Backed and Structured Finance Obligations (Non-NRSRO) v1.
3. The main assumptions and principles used in constructing the procedures and methodologies used to determine the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(C) of Rule 17g-7:
The credit rating assigned reflects EJR's judgement regarding the future credit quality of the issue. The major assumptions used to construct the methodologies include:
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Specific quantitative assumptions used in this credit analysis applied to the collateral assets, which include Loan-to-Value analysis and Cash flow analysis.
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3). Do not address whether the expected return of a particular investment is adequate for the inherent risk.
4). Do not address whether the market value of the security will remain stable over time.
5). Are not exact measures of the probability of default but are instead expressions of the relative credit risk of issuers and debt instruments.

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7. How servicer or remittance reports were used, and with what frequency, to conduct surveillance of the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(G) of Rule 17g-7:
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8. A description of the data that were relied upon for the purpose of determining the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1) (ii)(H) of Rule 17g-7:

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11. An explanation or measure of the potential volatility of the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(K) of Rule 17g-7: EJR's rating aims to assess the possible loss of investing in the obligations. Factors which affect such projection, and in turn EJR's rating, include changes in the credit worthiness of the collateral assets, changes in the correlation between them, and overall economic changes.
12. Information on the content of the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(L) of Rule 17g-7:

Regarding the historical performance of the credit rating, our rating transition matrix is available in our Form NRSRO, Exhibit 1.
13. Information on the sensitivity of the credit rating to assumptions as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(M) of Rule 17g-7:

See the section in the report entitled "Rating Summary".
14. If the credit rating is assigned to an asset-backed security, a description of: (i) the representations, warranties, and enforcement mechanisms available to investors; and (ii) how they differ from the representations, warranties, and enforcement mechanisms in issuances of similar securities, as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(N) of Rule 17g-7:
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3) The credit rating was an independent evaluation of the credit risk of the obligor, security, or money market instrument.

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## Appendix I

## Smoothing Calculation

| Base Case PD : assuming LTV $>100 \%$ as Default (D) |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Avg NCF * 80\% |  |
| Property Value (\$M) | 123 M |
| LTV | $101.20 \%$ |


| TRANCHES | LTV \% | Est. LTV implied <br> Rtg | Cash Flow Loss |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% |  |  |  |$\quad$| Smoothed (Adj |
| :---: |
| for Est. Loss) | | Smoothed for <br> Cashflow Est, <br> Loss |
| :---: |
| A |
| B |

